

Contributor to, and victim of climate change



Smallholder farmers earn \$2 -\$7 per day



30-40% global fresh water use



13% global fertilizer use.



10% global methane emissions.



Biodiversity and habitat loss in wetlands and forests.



Contents

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- 3. Assurance and markets for SRP-Verified rice
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Thailand rice sector emissions

- Rice accounts for half of all agricultural land, employs >18 million smallholder farmers
- Thailand is one of world's top exporters
- Ag sector contributes 15.23% of total GHG emissions- 2nd largest source after energy
- Rice accounts for 50.58% of total ag emissions
- 4th-largest emitter of GHG emissions from rice
- Thailand has set a goal of reducing GHG emissions from rice by 26%. The country has also pledged to reduce GHG emissions by 30-40% below BAU baseline level by 2030.

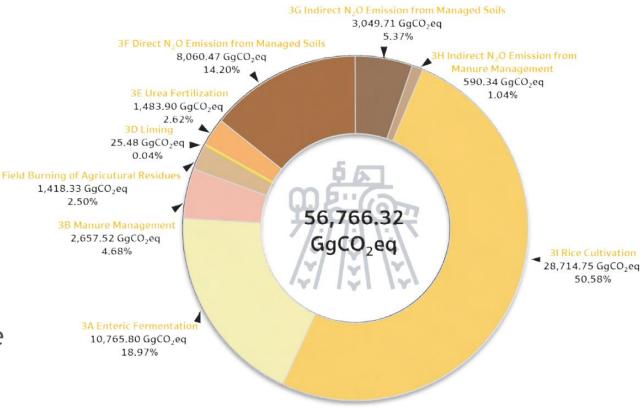


Figure 2-6: GHG emissions in Agriculture Sector, 2019

Source: Thailand 4th BUR 2022



Technologies for sustainability in rice?



Rice decarbonization can draw upon a large set of proven solutions Rice Cultivation **Harvest / Post-Harvest** Seeding **Irrigation** Genetics **Nutrient managment** Alternate Wetting and Low-carbon fertilizer Varietal development **Bacterial additives** Waste management Drying (AWD) (green/blue hydrolysis) C4 photosynthesis Laser leveling and Fertilizer timing and Direct-seeded rice Logistic Infrastructure drainage infrastructure placement pathway Accelerated stubble Root oxidation RNA sequencing Photomorphogenesis Biochar application decomposition Reversion Straw upcycling into Gene editing Azolla application material supply chains

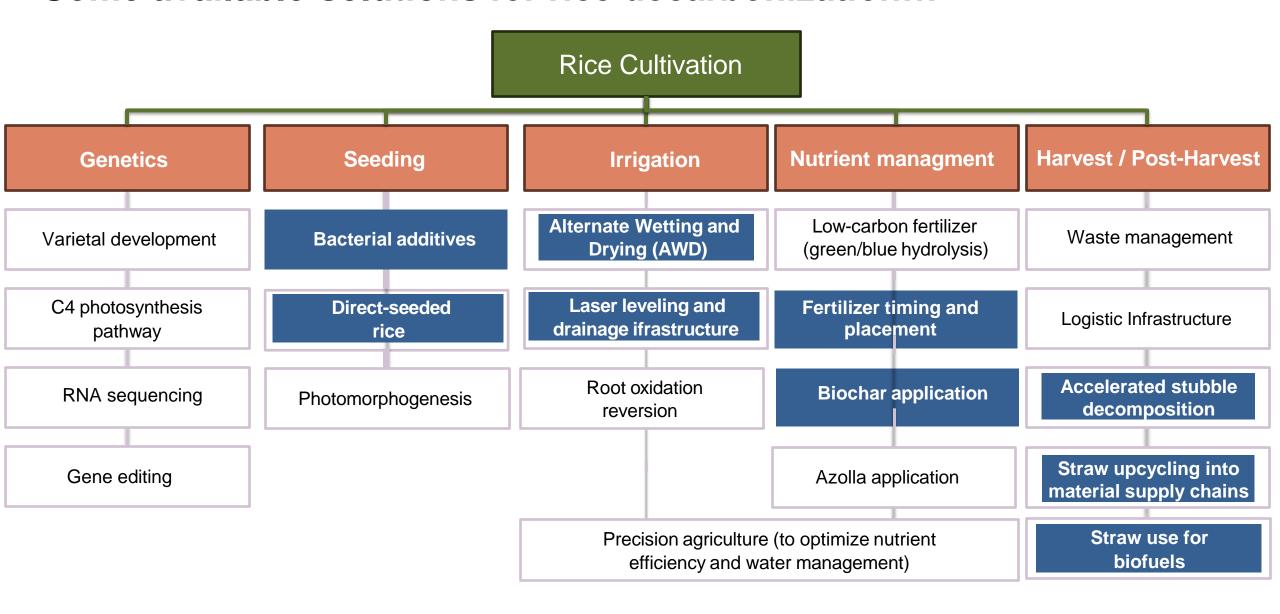
Precision agriculture (to optimize nutrient

efficiency and water management)

Straw use for biofuels

(through AD)

Some available solutions for rice decarbonization...



Alternatives to burning of rice stubble?

SRP = No burning!

SRP Standard requirement No 24 on rice stubble mgt prohibits burning to ensure nutrient use efficiency and reduce GHG emissions.

Alternatives:

- Aerobic decomposition (bio-accelerants?)
- Zero-tillage solutions (e.g. direct drilling into stubble)
- Farming systems

Solutions in rice cultivation offer substantial co-benefits

Prioritized solutions: (showcase highest	Adaptation and Resilience	Health Improvement	Restoring Nature	Circular Economy	Climate Justice	Building Local Economies
mitigation potential and asset class fit)				20		
S3: RNA-Seq.						
S4: Gene Editing						
S5: Bacterial Additives						
S6: Direct-seeded Rice						
S7: Photomorphogenesis						
S8: AWD						
S11: Root Oxidation Rev.						
S14: Biochar						
S15: Azolla						

Sustainable Rice Platform

A not for profit global multi-stakeholder alliance working to transform the global rice sector:

- Improving social working conditions and livelihoods of smallholder and workers
- Mitigating environmental and climate impacts and boosting resource use efficiency
- Facilitating the global rice market an assured supply of sustainably produced rice.

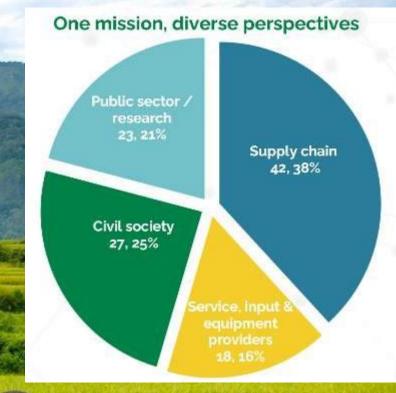




Photo credits: Suratman

SRP System of Tools

SRP Standard for Sustainable **Rice Cultivation**





SRP Performance Indicators

Brand Manual and Communication Guidelines





Assurance Scheme & SRP-Verified Label

Internal Management System Policy, Standard and Guidelines for Producer Groups



Chain of Custody Policy and Standard

Assurance Module



SRP Standard & Performance Indicators

SRP Standard

- The world's first voluntary sustainability standard for rice.
- Guides farmers to shift to adopt proven climate-smart, sustainable best agricultural practices.
- 41 basic on-farm requirements, organized under 8 themes.

SRP Performance Indicators (12 Pls)

Aligned with the SRP Standard, allow to measure the sustainability impacts.





PREPLANTING



WATER USE

- Water
- management Irrigation system at community level
- Inbound water quality
- Groundwater extraction
- Drainage



NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT

- management (organic and/or
- Organic fertilizer choice
- Inorganic fertilizer choice



- Weeds

- Molluscs
- Rodents
- Birds



- Timing of harvest
- Harvest equipment
- Drying time.
- Drying technique
- Rice storage
- Rice stubble
- Rice straw





Thai Agricultural Standard: Sustainable Rice (TAS 4408-2022)



มาตรฐานสินค้าเกษตร

มกษ. 4408-2565

THAI AGRICULTURAL STANDARD
TAS 4408-2022

ข้าวยั่งยืน

SUSTAINABLE RICE

ล้านักงานมาตรฐานสินค้าเกษตรและอาหารแห่งชาติ กระทรวงเกษตรและสหกรณ์

ICS 65.020.20

ISBN

SRP delivers multiple benefits:

On average, farmers adopting the SRP Standard:

- Reduce water use by 20%
- Reduce farm chemical use by 15-20%
- Earn **10**% higher net income
- Reduce GHG emissions by up to 50%

Benefits are market-agnostic: Higher net incomes for <u>all</u> farmers, not only those accessing export markets

*Impact numbers based on early field studies looking at the economic, social and environmental benefits of adoption of the SRP Standard.

Photo credits: Sou Nat/SMP Cambodia

SRP Approach & Reach

A. Market-led (private sector):

Value chain initiatives

(sustainable procurement)



B. Development-led (public sector):

Drive scale through partnerships (PPP)



22 registered projects 19 countries >187,000 farmers



SRP: New developments







Revision of SRP Standard and Performance Indicators Benchmarking SRP
Standard for IFC
Global Trade
Supplier Finance
Program (GTSF)

Assurance Scheme v 2.0 digital platform







Low-Carbon
Assurance Module
(insetting)

RiceTrace digital
Chain of Custody /
traceability platform

Financial instruments (blended finance)



A growing market for SRP-Verified Rice in EU



6 Brands

pioneered SRP-Verified rice.













10+ Products

carry the on-pack SRP-Verified Label.























Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft Confédération suisse Confederazione Svizzera Confederaziun svizra

Swiss Confederation

Federal Department of Economic Affairs, Education and Research EAER State Secretariat for Economic Affairs SECO MARS
Food & Nutrition

Gold Standard













Inclusive Sustainable Rice Landscapes in Thailand (ISRL)

- Transform the rice sector into a sustainable agricultural system through integrated land use, natural resources and environmental management.
- US\$ 5.5 m GEF grant + \$ 67.3m cofinancing
- Managed by UNEP / GIZ / MOAC / SRP and national partners
- 45,000 farmers trained
- 3,287,007 tCO2e mitigated by end Year 5

Components

- 1. Policy support on landscape-scale management for sustainable rice production
- 2. Enhance the management of forests, watersheds, and biodiversity
- 3. Establish finance mechanisms for sustainable rice production
- 4. Knowledge management and outreach













Key messages

- 1. Sustainability is increasingly embedded in value chains and mandated by regulation
- 2. Proven technologies are ready for delivery
- 3. Low-carbon goals need to be pursued as part of a holistic climate-smart best practice framework it's not just about AWD!
- 4. Broadening demand for SRP-Verified Rice beyond basmati (Hom Mali and long-grain)
- 5. Global financing mechanisms are emerging





Feed the world. Sustainably!

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